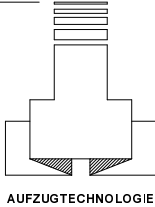


**SAFETY GEAR EB 75 GS ↓**

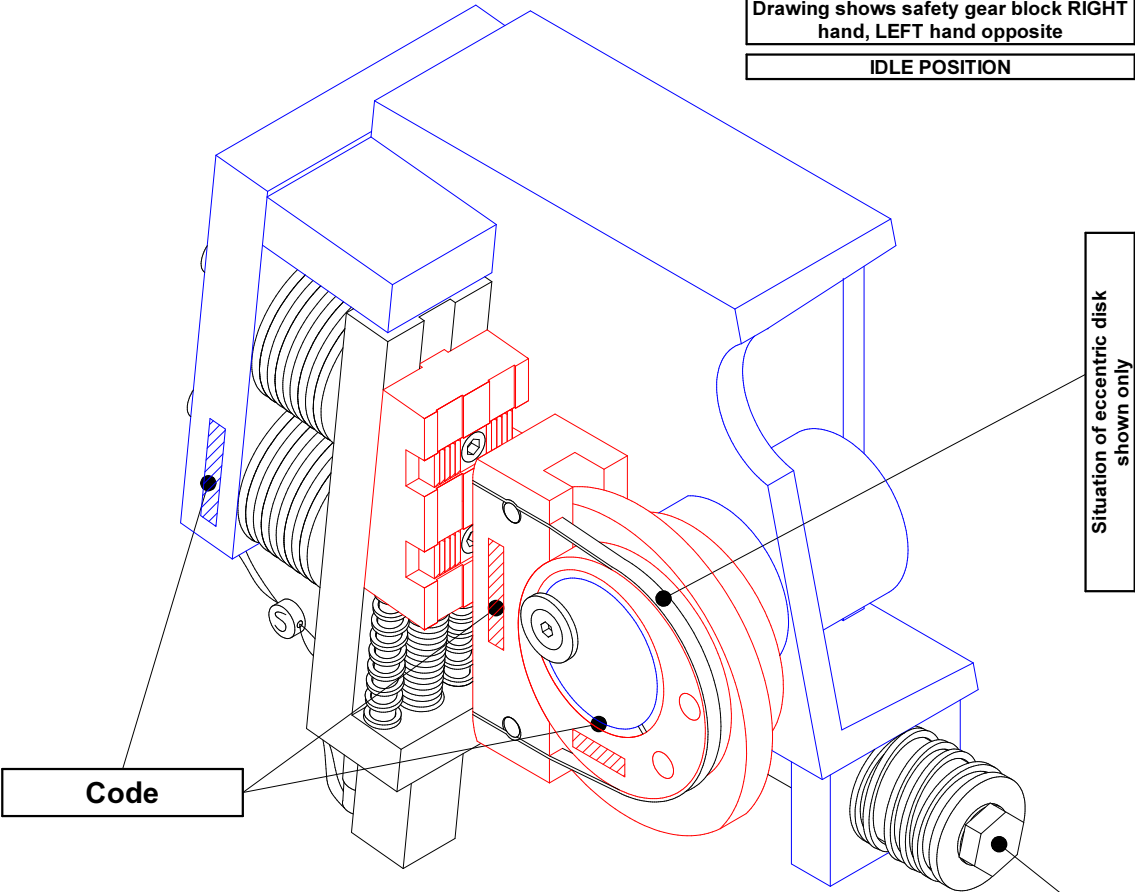


AUFZUGTECHNOLOGIE

**Progressive safety gear - working in DOWN direction only  
= rated load + car weight in DOWN direction (FREE FALL)**

**Activated by overspeed governor through overspeed governor rope  
(standard finish with tension weight in pit)**

Drawing shows safety gear block **RIGHT** hand, **LEFT** hand opposite  
**IDLE POSITION**



<b>Explosion drawing RIGHT hand</b>	.....	<b>5250.800.002</b>
<b>General Information</b>	.....	<b>5250.800.003</b>
<b>Schematic drawing engagement in DOWN direction</b>	.....	<b>5250.800.004</b>
<b>Actuating shaft INSIDE</b>	.....	<b>5250.800.006 ... 5250.800.009</b>
<b>Actuating shaft OUTSIDE</b>	.....	<b>5250.800.010 ... 5250.800.013</b>
<b>Installation and Maintenance</b>	.....	<b>5250.800.014</b>
<b>Check</b>	.....	<b>5250.800.015</b>
<b>Safety Book - GENERAL - 1</b>	.....	<b>5230.800.016</b>
<b>Safety Book - GENERAL - 2</b>	.....	<b>5230.800.017</b>
<b>Safety Switch in Idle Position</b>	.....	<b>5230.800.018</b>

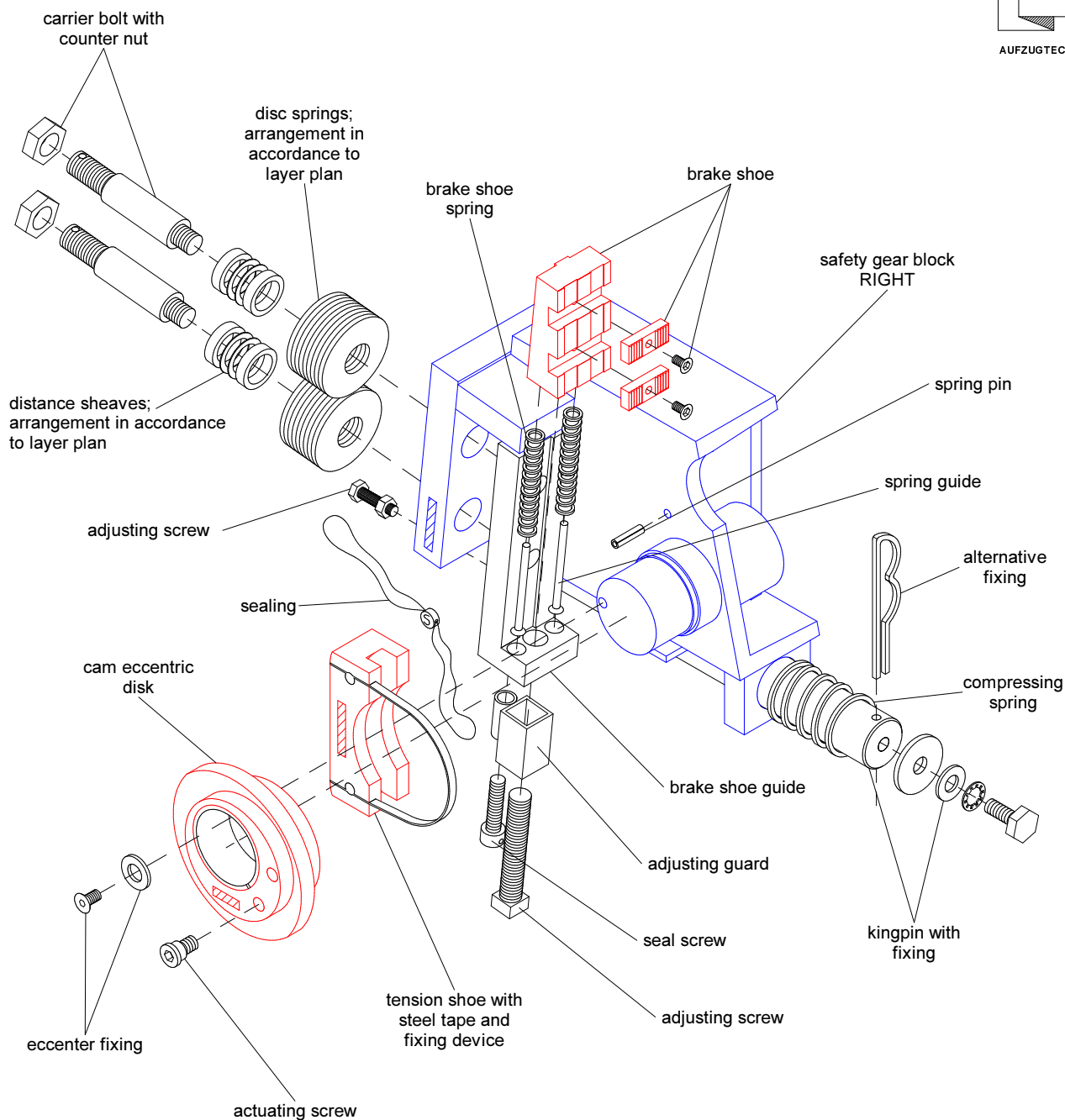
**Kingpin removable**

Edition:  
**16.07.2001**



**MANUAL  
EB 75 GS**

Drawing No.:  
**5250.800.001**



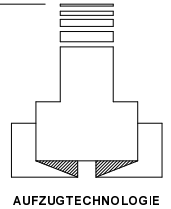
Nomination of parts	Drawing No.	Nomination of parts	Drawing No.
cam eccentric disc	5240.000.010	disk spring	5340.000.140
tension shoe	5240.000.020	brake shoe guide	5250.000.170
brake shoe	5250.000.030	brake shoe spring	5250.000.200
carrier bolt	5330.000.060	spring guide	DIN 661 4x60
safety gear block RIGHT	5250.100.000	adjusting guard	5250.000.190
safety gear block LEFT	5250.100.010	adjusting screw	5250.000.210
spring pin	DIN 1481 5x40	eccenter fixing	- screw DIN 7991 M6x10
adjusting screw	DIN 933 M6x40	sealing	- disk DIN 125 A Ø10,5
kingpin	5340.100.270		- wire 5330.000.110
actuating screw	5330.000.070		- seal 5330.000.120
compressing spring	5250.000.080		- screw 5250.000.220

Edition:  
**16.07.2001**



**Manual EB 75 GS**  
**Explosion drawing RIGHT hand**

Drawing No.:  
**5250.800.002**



**Construction - Mode of operation:**

The safety gear housing is a solid steel structure welded in accordance with the high German standards. On one side is a carrier block to sustain the spring load transferred from the opposite side of the eccentric and brake shoe. The knurled eccentric disks are followed by the bearing eccentric disk fitted to the safety gear block. When both the eccenters reach the appropriate position the safety gear is engaged, thus ensuring that the kinetically limited spring stroke is limited.

**Parameters:** safety gear type  
 guidethickness  
 guide rail surface  
 total mass  
 contract speed  
 tripping speed

<b>EB 75 GS</b>
<i>accord. EEC type examination certificate ...          AFV 289 / _ (DOWN direction)          ABF 289 / _ (UP direction)</i>

Guide rail condition: either cold drawn or machined, surface can be either dry or lubricated. Lubricant must be in accordance with DIN 51517, part 1.  
 The safety gear type EB 75 GS is certified to European Standards and hold certificates to DIN EN 81.

**Marking:**

manufacturing number stamped on this side

type

month of supply

year of supply

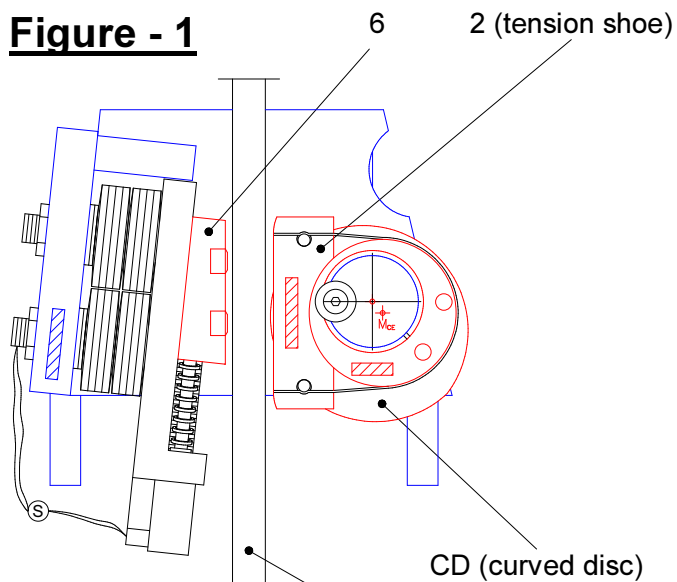
manufacturing plant identification

$V_{Auslöse}$  ..... max. tripping speed  
 Kraft  $\uparrow$  ..... braking force in UP direction (with KB 55 S)  
 Masse  $\downarrow$  ..... total mass in DOWN direction  
 A ..... guide rail condition: cold drawn  
 B ..... guide rail condition: machined

**Warranty and guaranty:**

In case our product is not used for the application designed we can not take any responsibility whatsoever. It is the duty of the user to follow the local law and regulations under all circumstances.

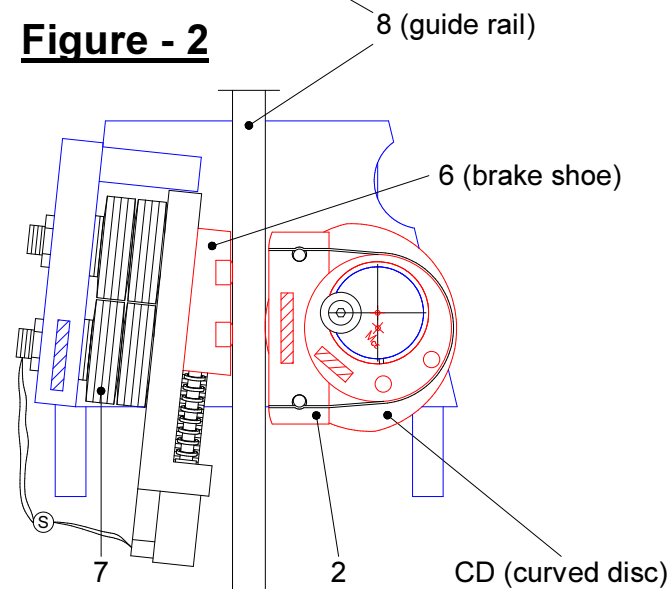
**Figure - 1**



**Figure - 1**

Idle position = free movement  
Guide rail (item 8) is not in contact with brake shoe (item 6), tension shoe (item 2) nor with curved disk (CD).

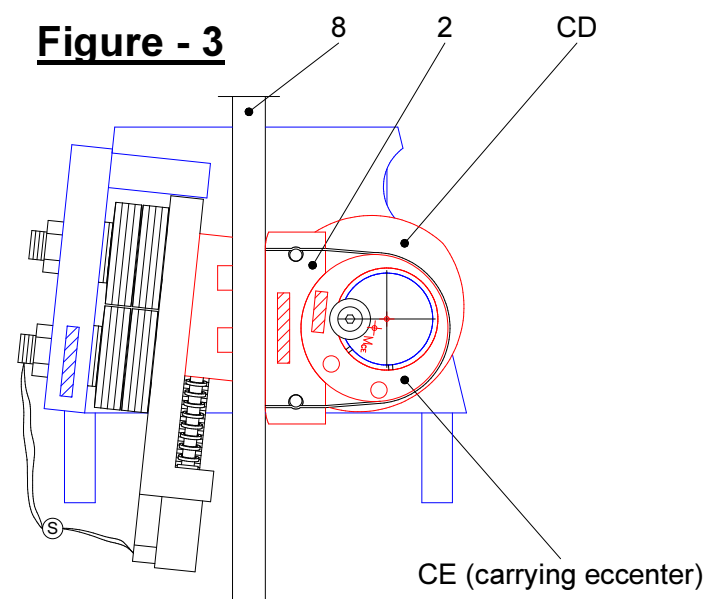
**Figure - 2**



**Figure - 2**

Engaged position  
Curved disk (item CD) is moved by the overspeed governor until the knurled surface of the curved disk (item CD) and the brake shoe (item 6) and the guide rail (item 8) makes contact on both sides. From this movement onwards the curved disk (item CD) will bring the required tension onto the disk springs (item 7).

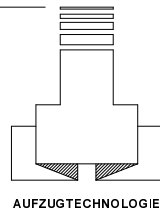
**Figure - 3**




**Figure - 3**

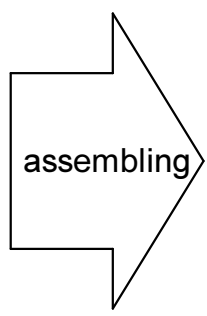
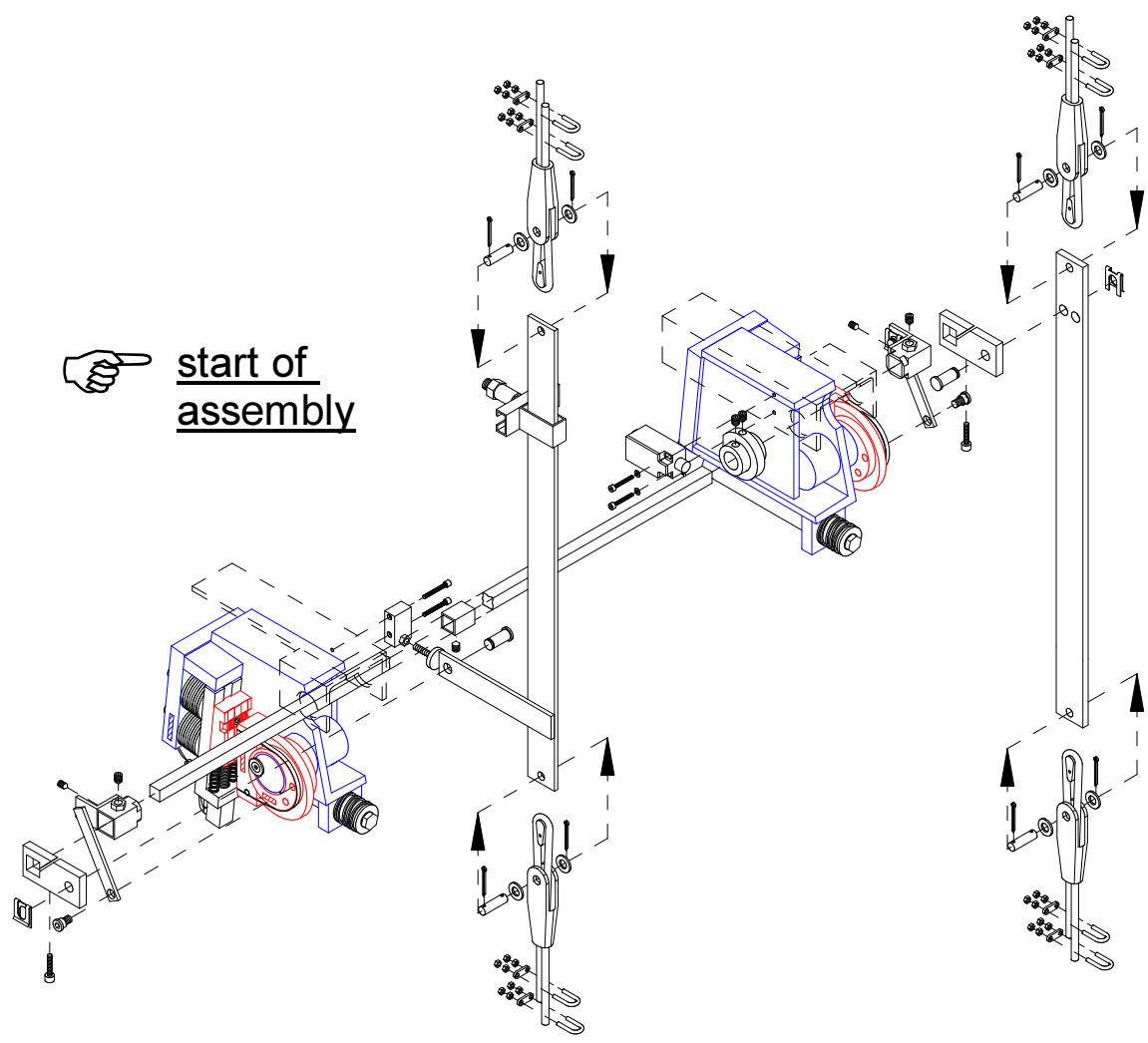
Brake position  
The lagging carrying ecenter (item CE) brings tension shoe (item 2) in contact with the guide rail (item 8). Curved disk (item CD) loses contact with the guide rail (item 8), therefore the position of curved disk (item CD) cannot be changed anymore. In this way the car will be decelerated and finally stopped smooth. Dead point of the carrying ecenter (item CE) before brake position is reached ( $M_{CE}$ ).





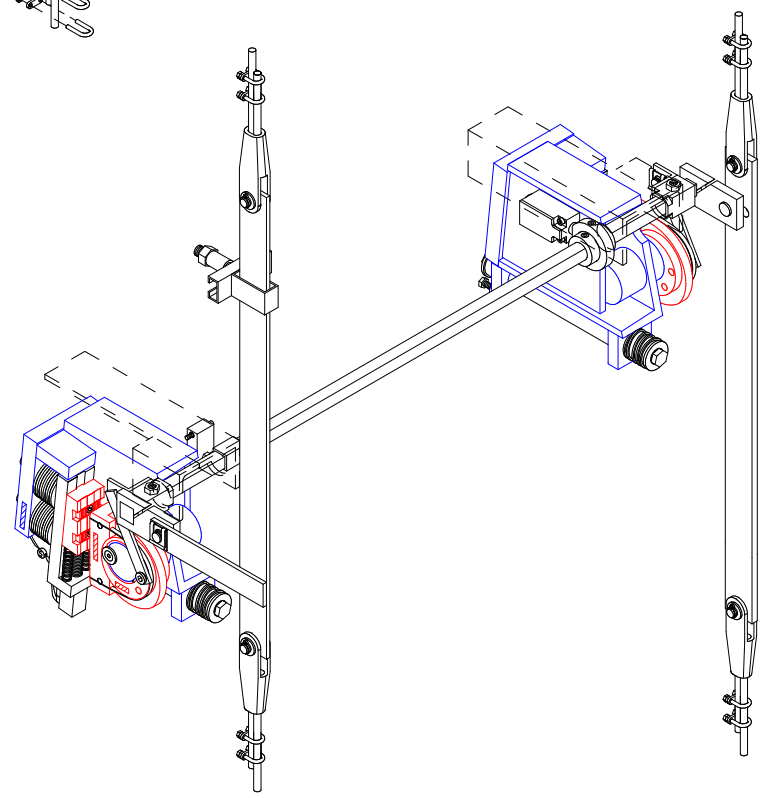
AUFZUGTECHNOLOGIE

 start of assembly



assembling

 completed unit

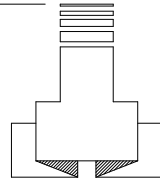


Edition:  
16.07.2001




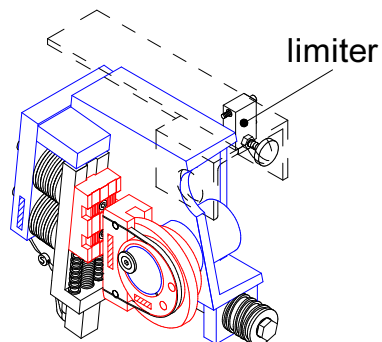
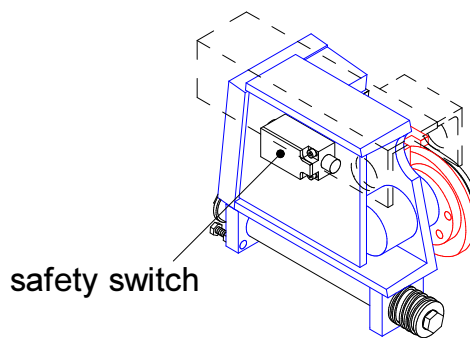
**Manual EB 75 GS**  
**Actuating shaft INSIDE**

Drawing No.:  
**5250.800.006**



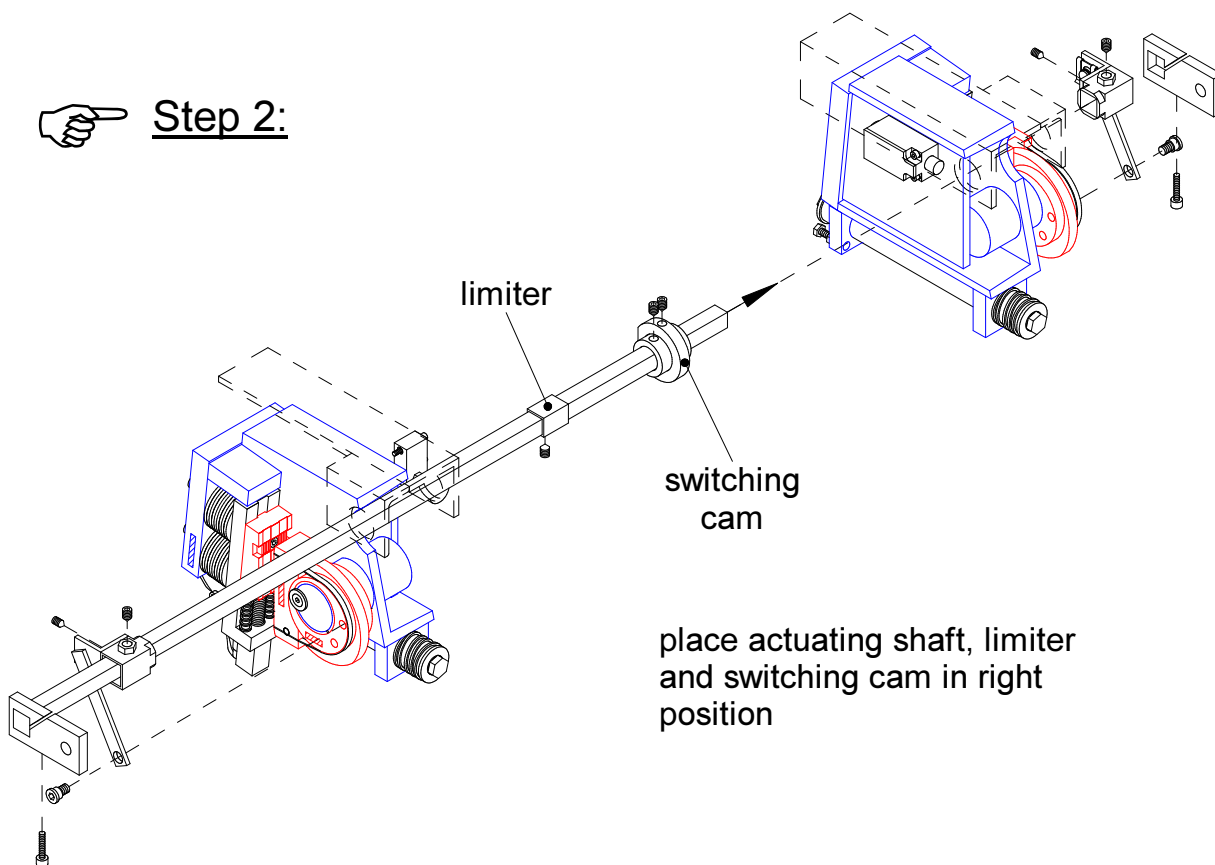
AUFZUGTECHNOLOGIE

 **Step 1:**



assemble safety gear blocks  
safety switch and limiter must  
be fixed in position

 **Step 2:**



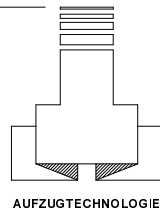
place actuating shaft, limiter  
and switching cam in right  
position

Edition:  
16.07.2001



**Manual EB 75 GS**  
**Actuating shaft INSIDE**

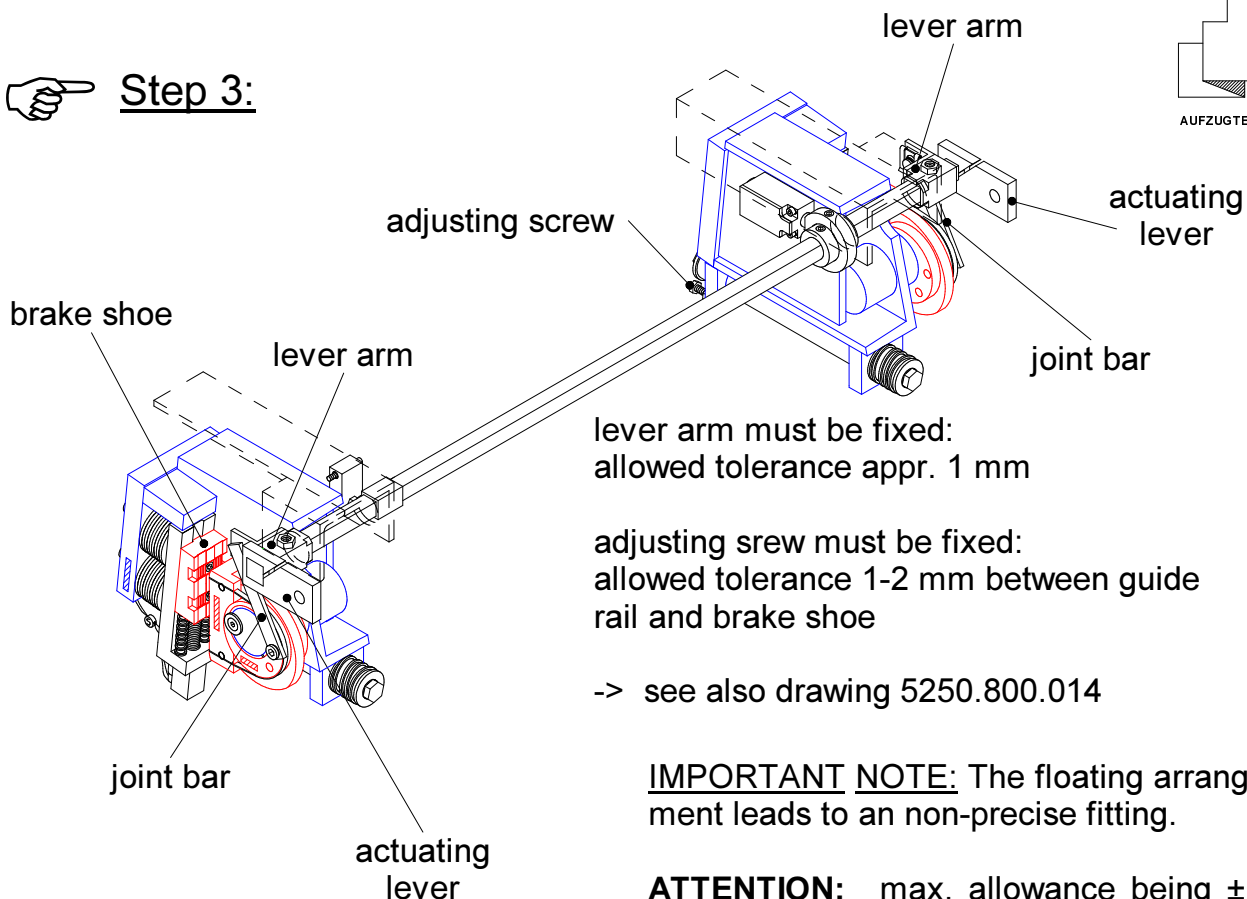
Drawing No.:  
**5250.800.007**



AUFZUGTECHNOLOGIE



**Step 3:**



lever arm must be fixed:  
allowed tolerance appr. 1 mm

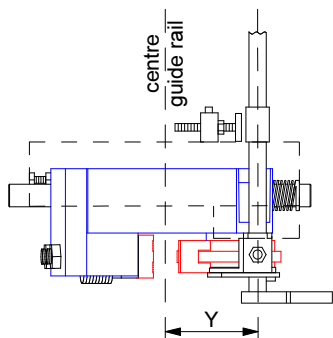
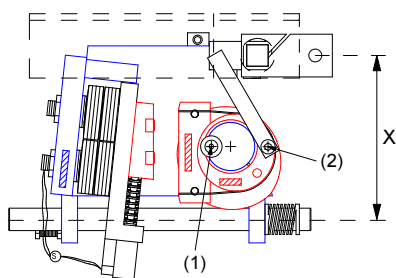
adjusting screw must be fixed:  
allowed tolerance 1-2 mm between guide  
rail and brake shoe

-> see also drawing 5250.800.014

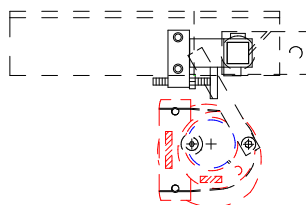
**IMPORTANT NOTE:** The floating arrange-  
ment leads to an non-precise fitting.

**ATTENTION:** max. allowance being  $\pm 2$   
mm from the centre of the outer housing

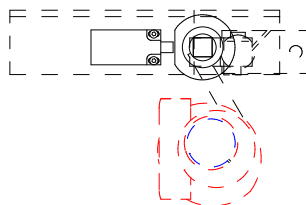
centre ecenter fixing <sup>(1)</sup> and centre  
actuating bolt <sup>(2)</sup> **HORIZONTAL**  
in idle position



**limiter adjustment**



**safety switch adjustment**



see also drawing  
5230.800.018

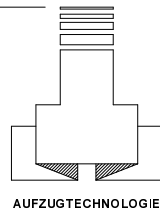
Standard	Aufzug- technologie	X	Y
EB 75 GS		138	86

Edition:  
16.07.2001




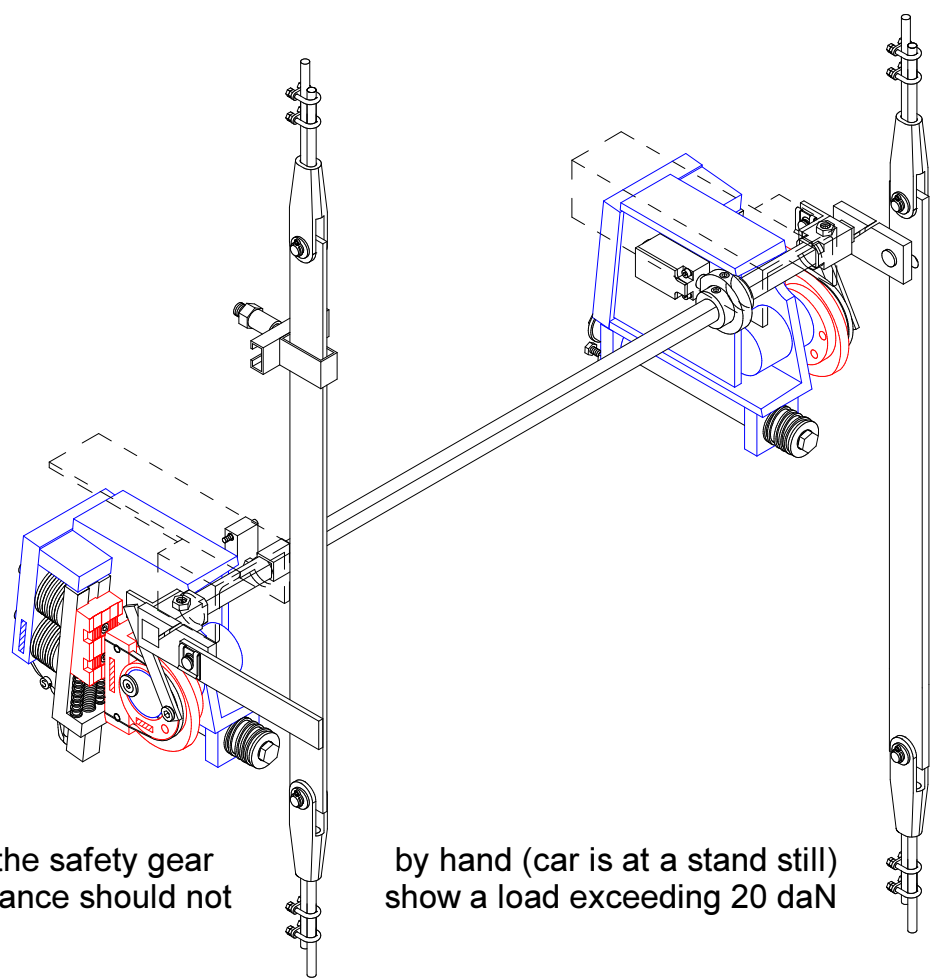
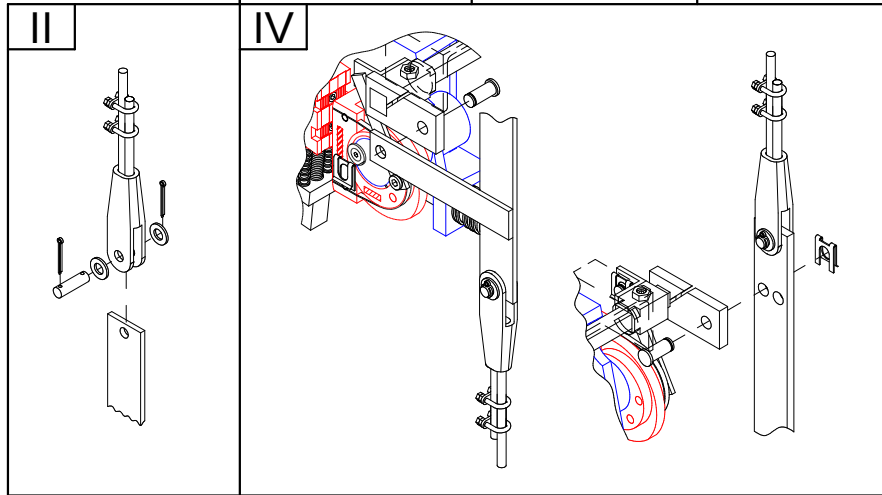
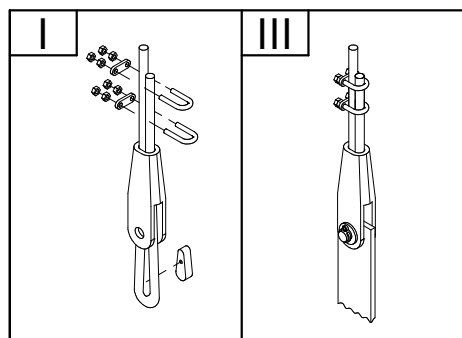
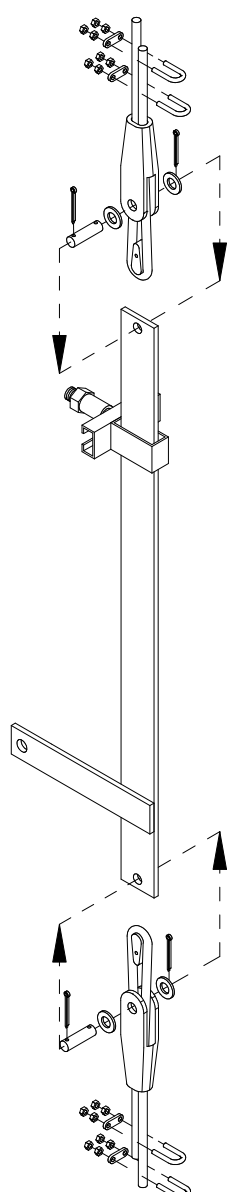
Manual EB 75 GS  
Actuating shaft INSIDE

Drawing No.:  
5250.800.008



AUFZUGTECHNOLOGIE

 **Step 4:**



when testing the safety gear  
the spring balance should not

by hand (car is at a stand still)  
show a load exceeding 20 daN

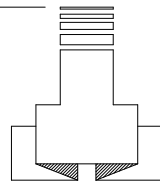
Edition:  
**16.07.2001**




**Manual EB 75 GS**  
**Actuating shaft INSIDE**

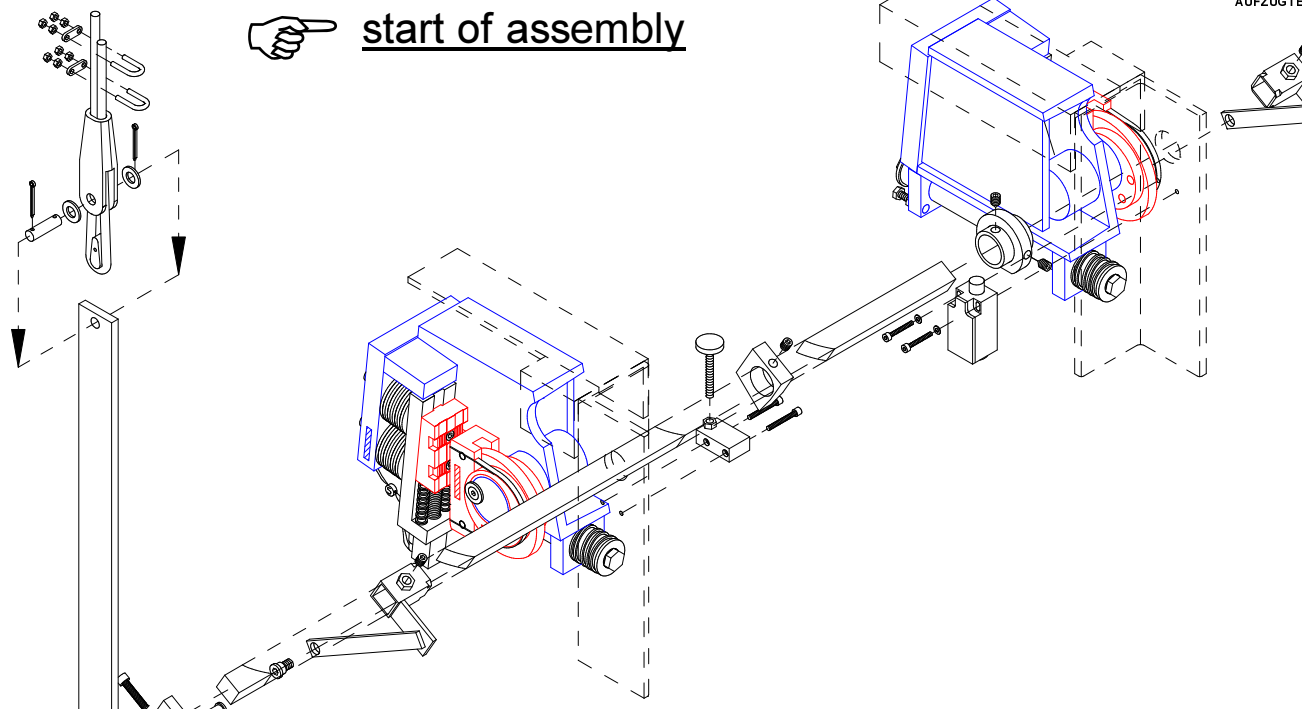
Drawing No.:  
**5250.800.009**



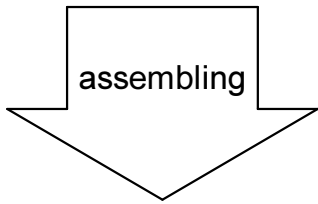


AUFZUGTECHNOLOGIE

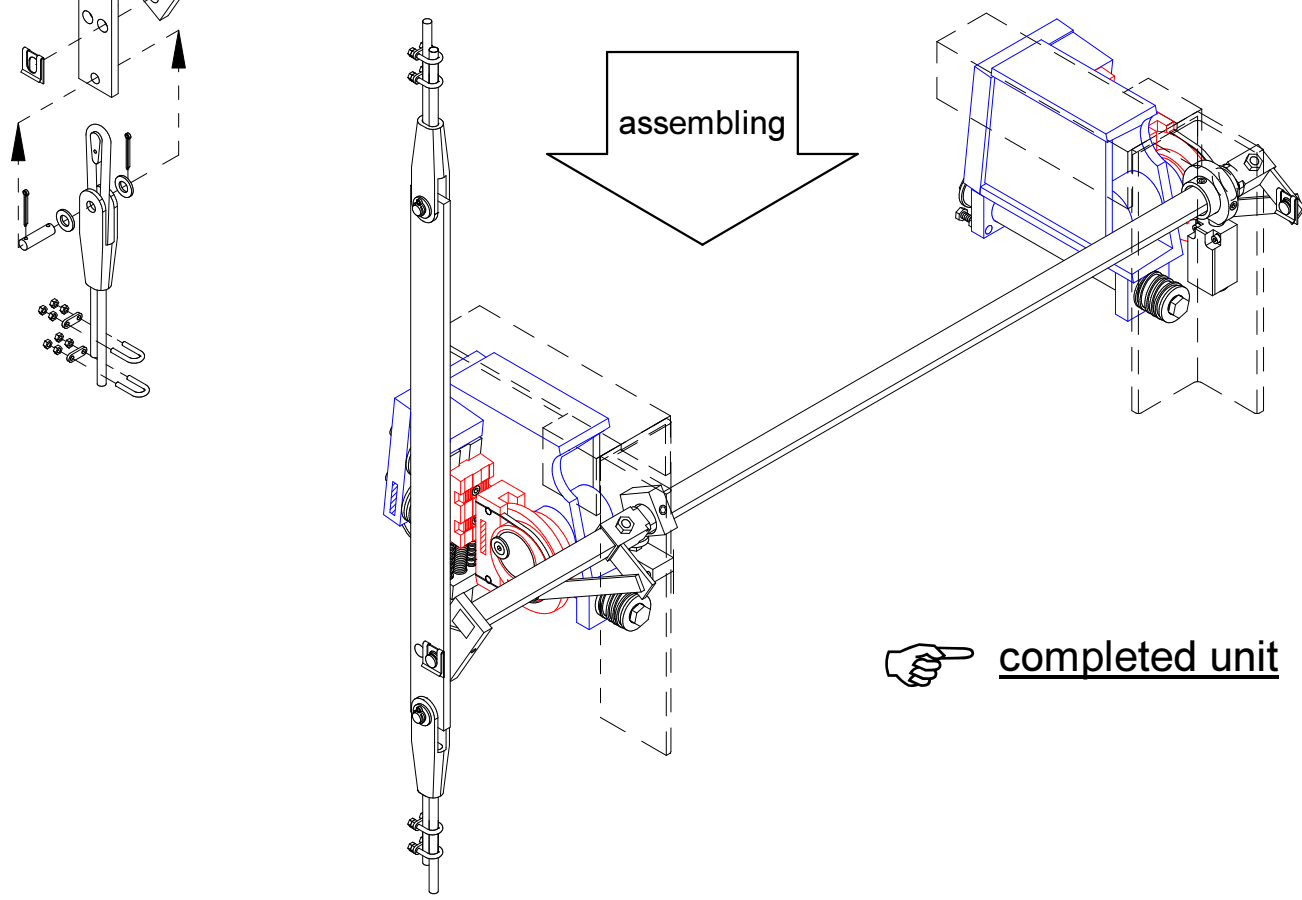
 start of assembly



assembling



 completed unit

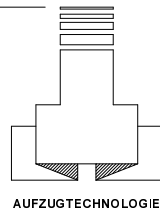


Edition:  
**16.07.2001**



**Manual EB 75 GS**  
**Actuating shaft OUTSIDE**

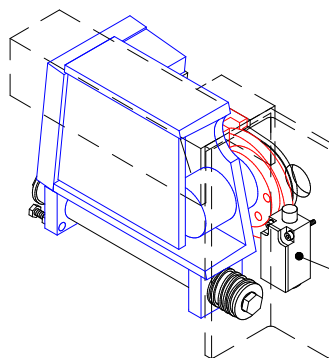
Drawing No.:  
**5250.800.010**



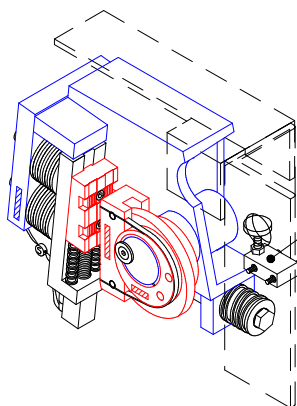
AUFZUGTECHNOLOGIE



### Step 1:



safety switch

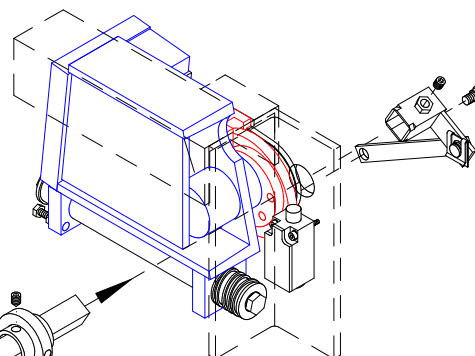


limiter

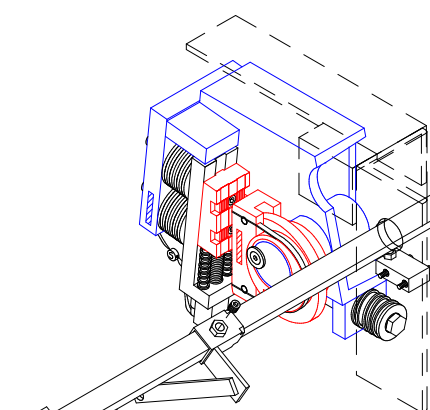
assemble safety gear blocks  
safety switch and limiter must be  
fixed in position



### Step 2:



switching  
cam



limiter

actuating lever

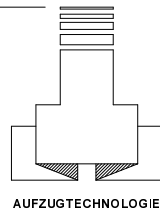
place actuating shaft,  
limiter and switching  
cam in right position

Edition:  
16.07.2001



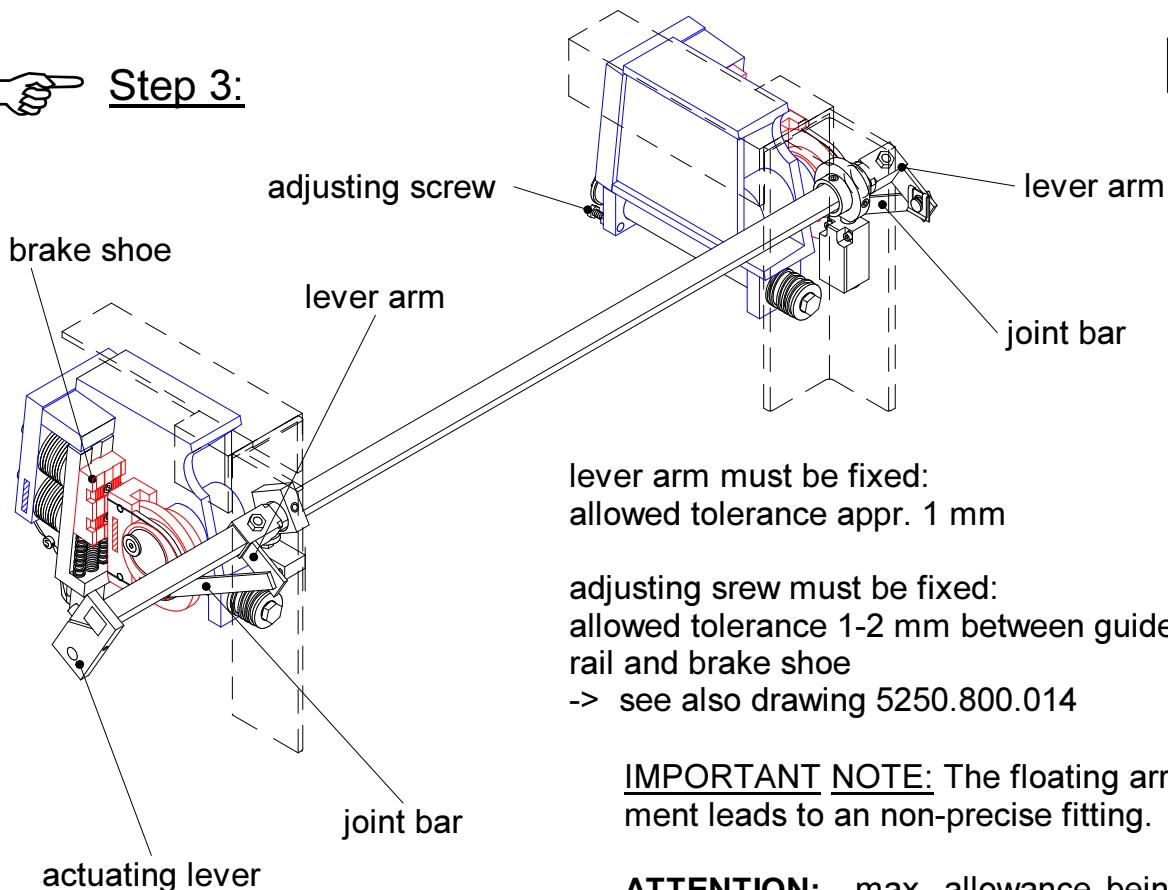
Manual EB 75 GS  
Actuating shaft OUTSIDE

Drawing No.:  
5250.800.011



AUFZUGTECHNOLOGIE

**Step 3:**



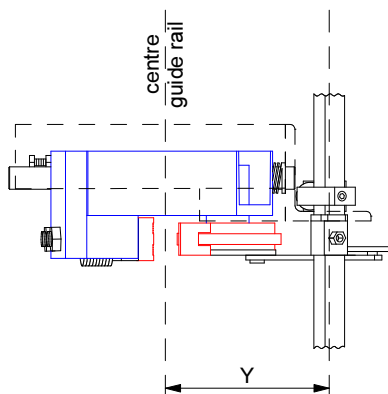
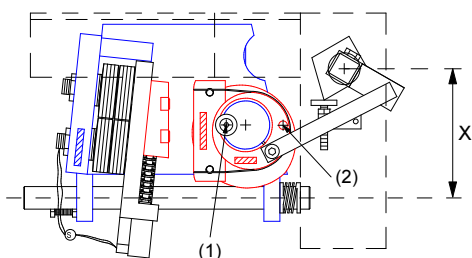
lever arm must be fixed:  
allowed tolerance appr. 1 mm

adjusting screw must be fixed:  
allowed tolerance 1-2 mm between guide  
rail and brake shoe  
-> see also drawing 5250.800.014

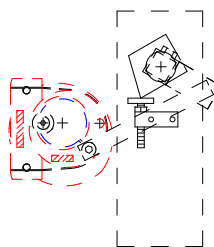
**IMPORTANT NOTE:** The floating arrange-  
ment leads to an non-precise fitting.

**ATTENTION:** max. allowance being  $\pm 2$   
mm from the centre of the outer housing

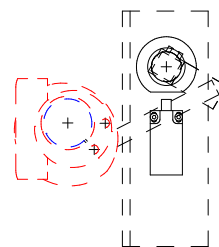
centre eccentric fixing <sup>(1)</sup> and centre  
actuating bolt <sup>(2)</sup> HORIZONTAL  
in idle position



limiter  
adjustment



safety switch  
adjustment



see also drawing  
5230.800.018


Standard	Aufzug- technologie	X	Y
EB 75 GS		130	157

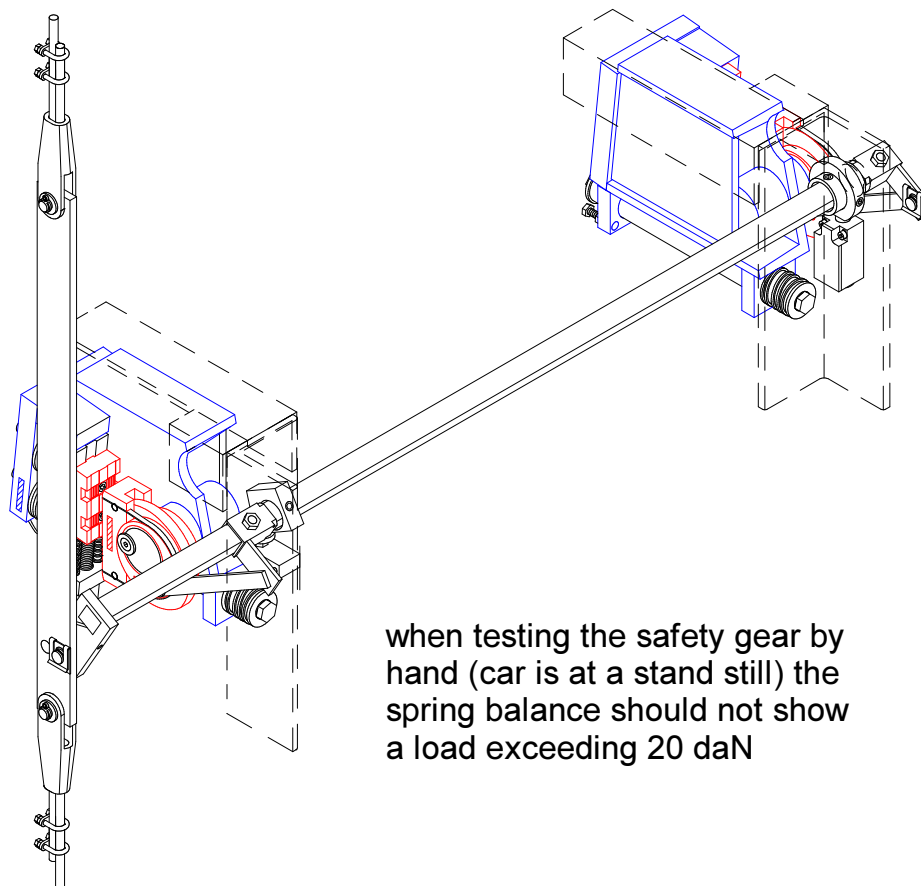
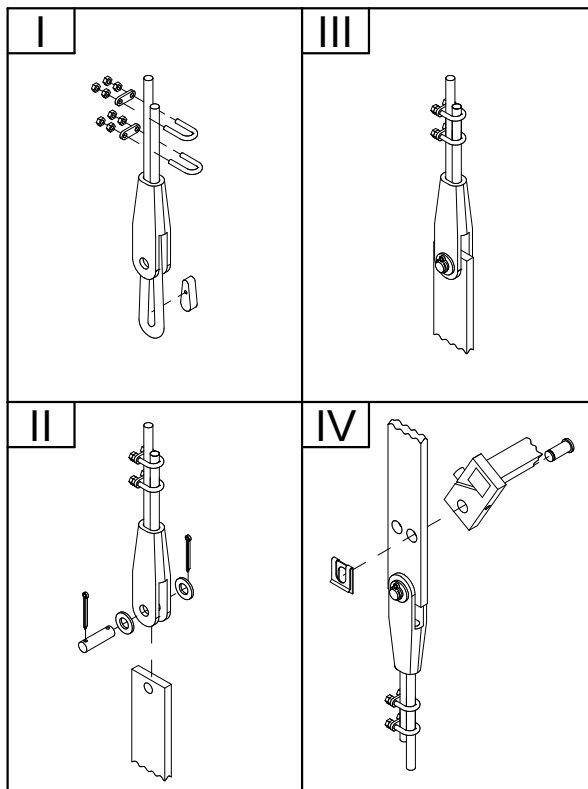
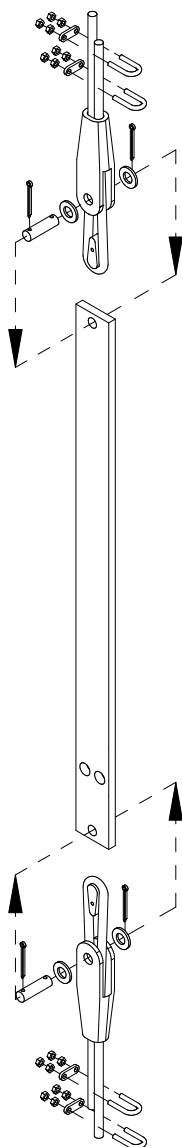
Edition:  
16.07.2001



Manual EB 75 GS  
Actuating shaft OUTSIDE

Drawing No.:  
5250.800.012

 **Step 4:**



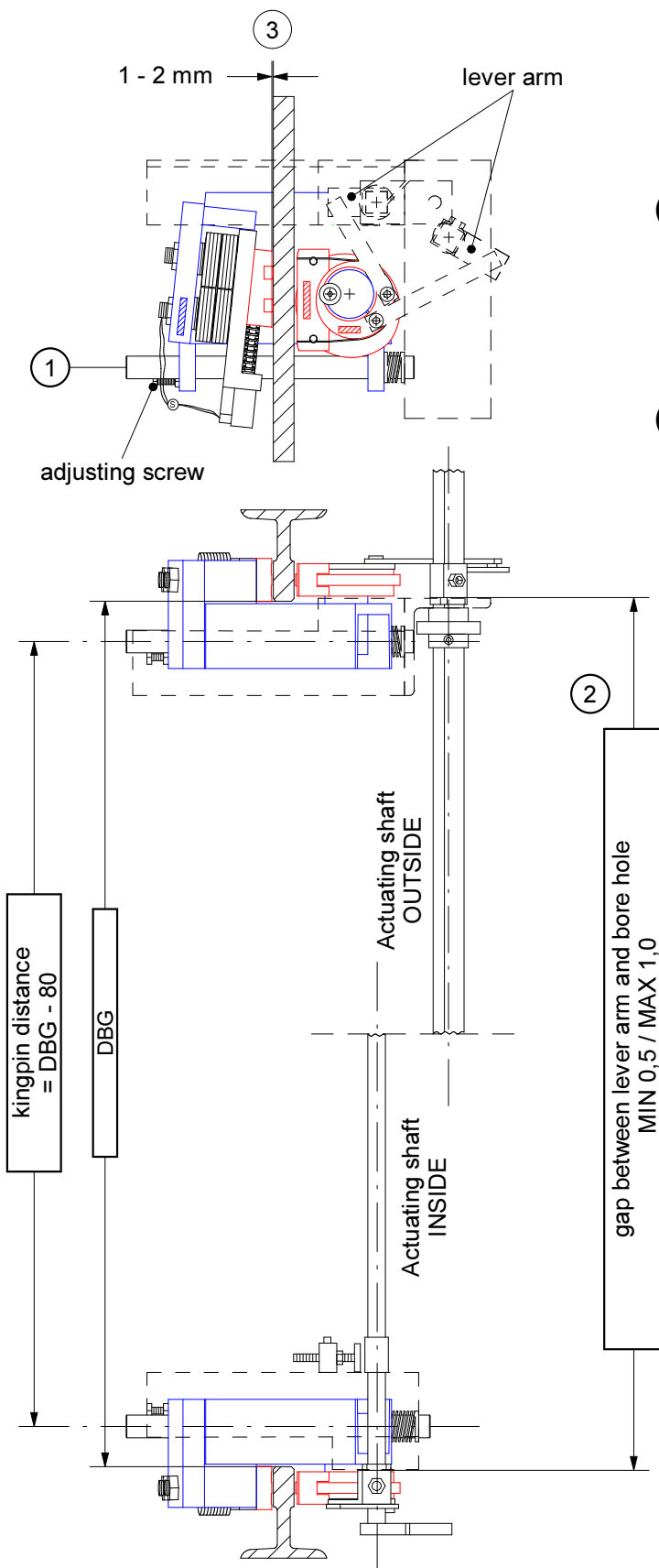
when testing the safety gear by hand (car is at a stand still) the spring balance should not show a load exceeding 20 daN

Edition:  
16.07.2001



**Manual EB 75 GS**  
**Actuating shaft OUTSIDE**

Drawing No.:  
5250.800.013



(1) **ATTENTION:** Safety gears are vital parts of a lift. They are manufactured to DIN ISO 9001, checked and finally packed to reach all criteria required. We strongly request that you check at your factory all data and compare the label with your order.

(2) Our safety gears are maintenance free. Please avoid rust arising from low temperatures and/or bad storage. Lubricate all moving parts like hinges, between eccentric and steel tape, carrier bolt = floating arrangement.

(3)

① THE KINGPIN MUST BE REMOVABLE. SO PLEASE TAKE CARE TO ALLOW THE NECESSARY.

② Gap between diverting linkage and bore hole must be assembled by drilling bore hole and keeping an allowance of 1 to 2 mm.

③ Static brake shoe must be adjusted to the guide rail, leave 1-2 mm gap.

(4) THE FOLLOWING MUST BE NOTED FOR YOUR SITE ENGINEERS:

a) Square tube actuating must be easily moveable by hand until safety gear is activated.

b) Safety switch must be activated. When moving car in UP direction the actuating shaft must freely move back to the original position.

c) DEBRIS, DUST etc. will not allow a free dynamic movement.

d) Lubrication of guide rails with recommended oil.

e) **COMMENT:** Dry running guide rail is of advantage.



**ATTENTION:**

Clean and properly maintained components are essential and guaranty a perfect function of our safety gears!

Edition:  
16.07.2001



Manual EB 75 GS  
Installation and Maintenance

Drawing No.:  
5250.800.014



## TEST OF SAFETY GEAR:

The friction between guide rail and the brake shoes is strongly depending on the roughness of the guide rail surface, spring force and hardness of the brake shoes. The braking force also depends on the spring load and elasticity of the safety gear block housing.

In general we test each and every safety gear: hardness of brake shoe surface, the kinetic stroke of the spring block, as well as the "hook's" deforming of the safety gear housing. The hardness and roughness of guide rail surface used are beyond our control.

During installation experienced lift engineers will check engagement, activating way and the deceleration distance. Needless to say, the complete overspeed system have to checked as well.

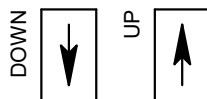


WE ALSO HAND OVER SPRING CHARACTERISTIC DIAGRAMS AND ADJUSTMENT MANUALS TO THE SITE ENGINEER UPON REQUESTED.

reading of marks



### DOWN direction EB 75 GS



Before handing over, a safety gear test must be performed:

- 1,25 x contract load, open brake on gear, do not loop safety switches of overspeed governor and safety gear
- contract load, open brake on gear, do not loop safety switches of overspeed governor and safety gear



### UP- and DOWN direction - EB 75 GD



- DOWN contract load x 1,25 - as above
- DOWN contract load - as above
- UP, no load, run lift with open brake, main circuit breaker OFF, overspeed governor will engage and activate safety gear
- > with small loads, small travel height  
-> poor efficiency on gear or single guide rail arrangement  
**PLEASE NOTE: a major defect (gear box failure) can not be simulated !**  
-> if there are several divertor the friction may progressively increase  
In case the overspeed tripping speed is not reached, increase electrical speed on regulated lift control systems. After the test set back to original stage.



### CANCEL THE BRAKE POSITION: FAST PASSING

In the **DOWN** direction mode during a short threshold period and in the deceleration mode a massive energy conversion will take place  
In the **UP** direction mode - due to the soft engagement - a relative long threshold segment applies. The energy conversion can be ignored.

$$\text{deceleration [g]: } a = \frac{v^2}{2 * s * 10} = \frac{[ \quad ]^2}{2 * [ \quad ] * 10}$$

v = deceleration start speed [m/s]; s = deceleration distance [m]; a = deceleration [g];

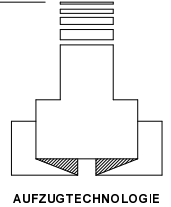
Edition:  
16.07.2001



Manual EB 75 GS / GD  
Check

Drawing No.:  
5250.800.015




SAFETY GEAR ↓





## WHY ARE YOU NOT MAKING YOUR LIFE EASIER !

Working with lifts needs a sense of responsibility and is also sometimes hard physical work. You can take a lot of the strain from your site engineers by following our suggestion based on our long experience in the field.



### (a) KEEP ALWAYS AMPLE ROOM AROUND ALL CONSTRUCTION PARTS OF THE CAR SLING AND SAFETY GEAR COMPONENTS:

-  The kingpin must be easily removed.
-  Keep easy access for works on the safety gear.
-  Keep sufficient room at the car framework to check actuating gear and safety switch and each part.

### (b) Make sure free and easy running:

-  At turning the actuating shaft no obstacle is to be feared.
-  At stressed resetting spring and safety switch screwed on the pulling force on the governor rope may not surpass 300 N.


### (c) DO NOT USE HEAVY OVERSPEED GOVERNOR ROPE TENSION WEIGHT:

-  Our tension weight DrawingNo. 5230.260.300 is tailor made for our units.
-  Tension weight exceeding 60 kg demolishes the actuating shaft components and complicated the release of the safety gear blocks.

### (d) CHECK ALL THE COMPONENTS IN ACCORDANCE TO EN 81.

### (e) READ OUR INSTRUCTION MANUAL CAREFULLY.

### (f) THE SAFETY GEAR ↓ IS THE SIGNIFICANT PART OF THE LIFT CONSTRUCTION. HENCE MAKE ABSOLUTELY SURE EVERY CARE IS TAKEN TO INSTALL THE COMPONENTS CORRECT.

-  Clean and properly maintained components are essential and guaranty a perfect function of our safety gears!

Edition:  
16.07.2001

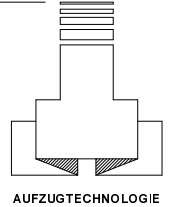


Safety Book - GENERAL - 1  
Safety Gear - ENVIRONMENT

Drawing No.:  
5230.800.016

## Annex D

SAFETY GEAR ↓



### D.2 Tests and verifications

j ) car safety gear (9.8):

the energy which the safety gear is capable of absorbing at the moment of engagement will have been verified in accordance with F.3. The aim of the test before putting into service is to check the correct mounting, correct setting and the soundness of the complete assembly, comprising car, safety gear, guide rails and their fixing to the building.

The test shall be made while the car is descending, with the required load uniformly distributed over the car area, with the machine running until the ropes slip or become slack, and under the following conditions:

⋮

2. progressive safety gear:

the car shall be loaded with 125 % of the rated load, and travel at rated speed or lower.

When the test is made with lower than rated speed, the manufacturer shall provide curves to illustrate the behaviour of the type tested progressive safety gear when dynamically tested with the suspensions attached.

After the test, it shall be ascertained that no deterioration, which could adversely affect the normal use of the lift has occurred. If necessary, friction components may be replaced. Visual check is considered to be sufficient.

Note:

In order to facilitate disengagement of the safety gear, it is recommended that the test be carried out opposite a door in order to be able to unload the car.

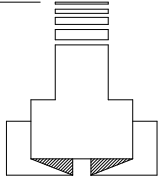
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Safety Book - GENERAL - 2  
Extract from European Standard prEN 81-1

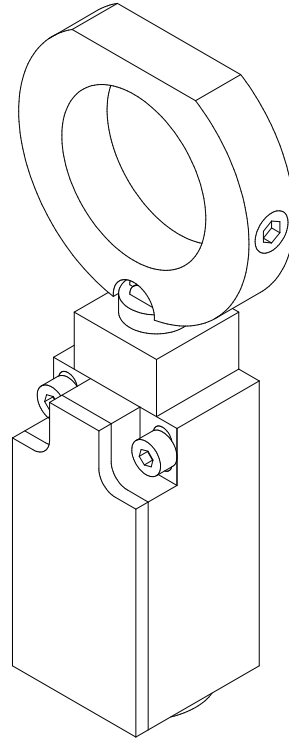
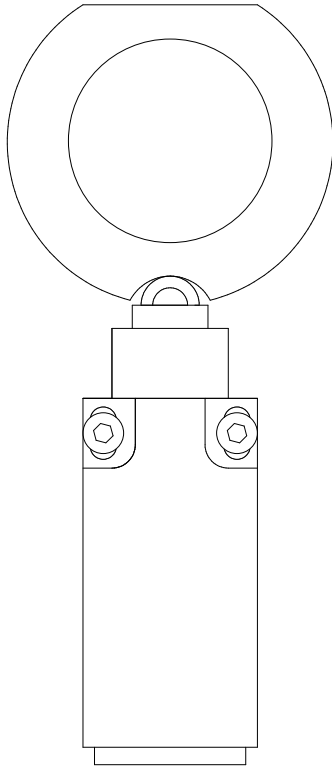
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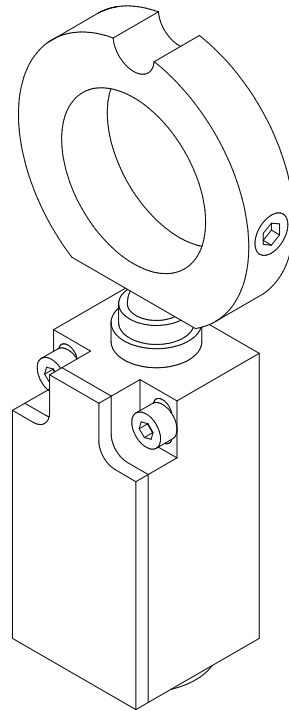
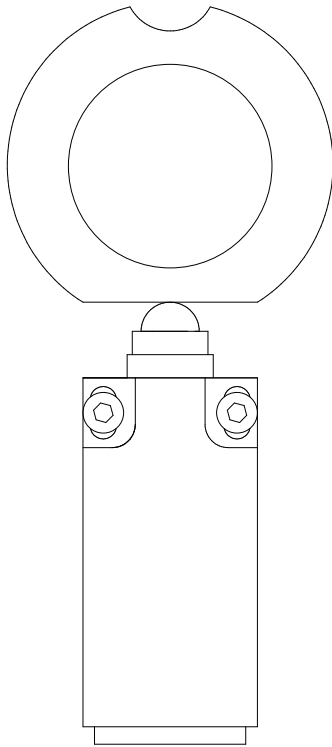


AUFZUGTECHNOLOGIE

**Safety Switch - IDLE POSITION**  
**Safety Module (↑↓)**



**Safety Switch - IDLE POSITION**  
**Safety Gear (↓)**



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**SAFETY SWITCH in IDLE POSITION**

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**5230.800.018**